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Chemistry

CHEM5

(Specification 2420)

Unit 5: Energetics, Redox and Inorganic Chemistry

Final



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Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
1(a)	Enthalpy change when <u>1 mol</u> of an (ionic) compound/lattice (under standard conditions) Is dissociated/broken/separated into its (component) ions The ions being in the <u>gaseous</u> state (at infinite separation)	1 1 1	Allow heat energy change Mark independently. Ignore any conditions.
1(b)	There is an <u>attractive</u> force between the <u>nucleus</u> of an O atom and an external <u>electron</u> .	1	Allow any statement that implies attraction between the nucleus and an electron
1(c)	$Mg^{2+}(g) + O(g) + 2e^{-}$	1	Ignore lack of state symbols Penalise incorrect state symbols
	$Mg^{2+}(g) + O^{-}(g) + e^{-}$	1	
	$Mg^{2+}(g) + O^{2-}(g)$	1	
	First new level for Mg^{2+} and O above last on L Next level for Mg^{2+} and O ⁻ below that Next level for Mg^{2+} and O ²⁻ above that and also above that for Mg^{2+} and O	1	If levels are not correct allow if steps are in correct order with arrows in the correct direction and correct ΔH values Allow +124 Allow M4 with incorrect number of electrons
1(d)	LE MgO = 602 + 150 + 736 + 1450 + 248 - 142 + 844	1	Note use of 124 instead of 248 CE=0
.(-)	$= +3888 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$	1	Allow 1 for -3888
			Allow no units
			Penalise wrong units

1(e)	Forms a protective layer/barrier of MgO / MgO prevents oxygen attacking Mg	1	Allow activation energy is (very) high Allow reaction (very) slow
1 (f)	$\Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$ $\Delta S = (-602 - (-570)) \times 1000/298$ = -107 J K ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹ / -0.107 kJ K ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	1 1 1	$\Delta S = (\Delta H - \Delta G)$ T If units not correct or missing, lose mark Allow -107 to -108 +107 with correct units scores max 1/3
1(g)	1 mol of solid and 0.5 mol of gas reactants form 1 mol solid products System becomes more ordered	1	Decrease in number of moles (of gas/species) Allow gas converted into solid Numbers of moles/species, if given, must be correct Allow consequential provided ΔS is -ve in 1(f) If ΔS is +ve in 1(f) can only score M1

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
2(a)	Standard pressure (100 kPa) (and a stated temperature)	1	Allow standard conditions. Do not allow standard states Allow any temperature Allow 1 bar but not 1atm Apply list principle if extra wrong conditions given Penalise reference to concentrations
2(b)	<u>Hydrogen bonds</u> between water molecules <u>Energy</u> must be supplied in order <u>to break</u> (or loosen) them	1	Allow M2 if intermolecular forces mentioned Otherwise cannot score M2 CE = 0/2 if covalent or ionic bonds broken
2(c)	$T = \Delta H / \Delta S$ = (6.03 × 1000)/22.1 = 273 K	1 1 1	Allow 272 to 273; units K must be given Allow 0°C if units given 0.273 (with or without units) scores 1/3 only Must score M2 in order to score M3 Negative temperature can score M1 only
2(d)	The heat given out escapes	1	

2(e)	(Red end of white) light (in visible spectrum) absorbed by ice	1	Allow complementary colour to blue absorbed
	Blue light / observed light is reflected / transmitted / left	1	Penalise emission of blue light

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
3(a)(i)	Ionic lattice / solid / giant ionic	1	CE = 0/2 if molecules / IMFs / atoms / metallic
	Strong (electrostatic) forces/attraction between ions	1	Allow strong ionic bonds for M2 only
			Allow lot of energy to break ionic bonds
3(a)(ii)	Molecular/molecules	1	
	Weak dipole-dipole and/or van der Waals forces between	1	QoL
	molecules		Type of force must be mentioned
3(b)	P ₄ O ₁₀ bigger molecule/has larger surface area than SO ₂	1	Allow M_r of P ₄ O ₁₀ greater than for SO ₂
			If P_4O_{10} macromolecule/ionic, CE = 0/2
	van der Waals forces between molecules stronger		Allow stronger IMF
		1	
3(c)	$Na_2O + H_2O \rightarrow 2Na^+ + 2OH^-$	1	Allow 2NaOH
	14	1	Allow 12-14
	$P_4O_{10} + 6H_2O \to 4H_3PO_4$	1	Allow ions
	0	1	Allow -1 to +2
3(d)	$6Na_2O + P_4O_{10} \rightarrow 4Na_3PO_4$	1	Allow ionic
			Allow correct formula of product with atoms in any order

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
4(a)	HCI 1.0 mol dm ⁻³	1	Allow H_2SO_4 0.5 mol dm ⁻³
			Allow HNO ₃ 1.0 mol dm ⁻³
			Allow name or formula
			Concentration can be given after "conditions"
	(Hydrogen at) 100kPa / 1 bar	1	
	298 K	1	
4(b)	Pt / Platinum	1	Mark on if no answer for M1
			If wrong answer for M1, only mark on if electrode is Au, Ag, Pb or Ti
	Inert / unreactive / does not create a potential difference	1	
	Conducts electricity / allows electron flow / conducts / conductor	1	
4(c)	КСІ	1	Allow NaCI, KNO ₃ , Na ₂ SO ₄ etc NOT NH ₄ CI
	Does not react with either electrode / solution in electrode	1	Allow unreactive / inert
	lons can move	1	Allow conducts electricity / electrical connection / carries charge
			Do not allow just connects / completes the circuit
			Do not allow conducts / carries electrons
			Mark these independently

4(d)	Pt H ₂ H ⁺ Fe ³⁺ ,Fe ²⁺ Pt	1	Ignore state symbols Order must be correct must be correct but allow instead of , separating Fe^{3+} from Fe^{2+} Allow , instead of separating H ₂ and H ⁺
4(e)(i)	$2Fe^{3+} + H_2 \rightarrow 2Fe^{2+} + 2H^+$	1	Allow multiples
4(e)(ii)	The <u>Fe³⁺ ions would be used up / reaction completed</u>	1	Answer must relate to reactants in 4(e)(i) equation if given Allow reactant / reactants used up Do not allow concentration of Fe ³⁺ decreases Allow concentration of Fe ³⁺ falls to zero

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
5(a)	H ₂ O ₂	1	Ignore state symbols
5(b)	$E^{\Theta} \operatorname{Cl}_2/\operatorname{Cl}^2 > E^{\Theta} \operatorname{O}_2/\operatorname{H}_2\operatorname{O}$	1	Allow potential for chlorine/ CI_2 greater than for oxygen/ O_2
	$CI_2 + H_2O \rightarrow 2CI^- + 1/2O_2 + 2H^+$	1	Allow 1.36 > 1.23 / E cell = 0.13 Allow multiples Allow + HCI
5(c)	Activation energy is high / light/UV provides the activation energy / light breaks chlorine molecule / CI–CI bond	1	If light used to break CI–CI bond award 1 mark and ignore product e.g. CI [–]
5(d)	<u>O</u> (-1) (in H_2O_2) Changes to <u>O(-2)</u> (in water)	1 1	Must give oxidation state of O in $H_2O_2=-1$ Must give oxidation state of O in water = -2 CE = 0/2 if refers to oxidation state of H changing
5(e)	E^{Θ} H ₂ O ₂ /H ₂ O > E^{Θ} O ₂ /H ₂ O ₂	1	Allow stated in words Allow 1.77 > 0.68 / E cell = 1.09
	$2H_2O_2 \rightarrow O_2 + 2H_2O$	1	Allow multiples H⁺ and e⁻must be cancelled

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6(a)	$2MnO_4^- + 16H^+ + 5C_2O_4^{2-} \rightarrow 2Mn^{2+} + 8H_2O + 10CO_2$	1	For all species correct / moles and species correct but charge incorrect
		1	For balanced equation including all charges (also scores first mark)
6(b)	Manganate(VII) ions are coloured (purple)	1	
	All other reactants and products are not coloured (or too faintly	1	Allow (all) other species are colourless
	coloured to detect)		Allow Mn ²⁺ are colourless / becomes colourless / pale pink
6(c)	The catalyst for the reaction is a reaction product	1	
	Reaction starts off slowly / gradient shallow	1	
	Then gets faster/rate increases / gradient increases	1	Allow concentration of MnO ₄ ⁻ decreases faster / falls rapidly
6(d)	Mn ²⁺ ions	1	Allow Mn ³⁺ ions
6(e)	$MnO_4^- + 8H^+ + 4Mn^{2+} \rightarrow 5Mn^{3+} + 4H_2O$	1	Allow multiples
	$2Mn^{3+} + C_2O_4^{2-} \rightarrow 2Mn^{2+} + 2CO_2$	1	

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
7(a)	Variable oxidation state	1	
	eg Fe(II) and Fe (III)	1	Any correctly identified pair
			Allow two formulae showing complexes with different oxidation states even if oxidation state not given
	(Characteristic) colour (of complexes)	1	
	eg Cu ²⁺ (<u>aq)</u> / [Cu(H ₂ O) ₆] ²⁺ is blue	1	Any correct ion with colour scores M3 and M4
			Must show (aq) or ligands OR identified coloured compound (e.g. $CoCO_3$)
7(b)	Tetrahedral	1	
	$[CuCl_4]^{2-} / [CoCl_4]^{2-}$	1	Any correct complex
			(Note charges must be correct)
	Square planar	1	
	(NH ₃) ₂ PtCl ₂	1	Any correct complex
	Linear	1	Do not allow linear planar
	[Ag(NH ₃) ₂] ⁺	1	[AgCl ₂] ⁻ etc
7(c)(i)	$[Ca(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + EDTA^{4-} \rightarrow [CaEDTA]^{2-} + 6H_2O$	1	If equation does not show increase in number of moles of particles $CE = 0/3$ for $7(c)(ii)$
			If no equation, mark on

7(c)(ii)	2 mol of reactants form 7 mol of products	1	Allow more moles/species of products Allow consequential to 7(c)(i)
	Therefore disorder increases	1	
	Entropy increases / +ve entropy change / free-energy change is negative	1	
7(c)(iii)	Moles EDTA = $6.25 \times 0.0532 / 1000 = (3.325 \times 10^{-4})$	1	
	Moles of Ca ²⁺ in 1 dm ³ = $3.325 \times 10^{-4} \times 1000 / 150 = (2.217 \times 10^{-3})$	1	Mark is for M1 x 1000 / 150 OR M1 x 74.1
			If ratio of Ca ²⁺ : EDTA is wrong or 1000 / 150 is wrong, CE and can score M1 only
			This applies to the alternative
	Mass of Ca(OH) ₂ = $2.217 \times 10^{-3} \times 74.1 = 0.164 \text{ g}$	1	M1 x 74.1 x 1000 / 150
			Answer expressed to 3 sig figs or better
			Must give unit to score mark
			Allow 0.164 to 0.165

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
8(a)	Electron pair donor	1	Allow lone pair donor
8(b)	$[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + 2NH_3 \rightarrow Cu(H_2O)_4(OH)_2 + 2NH_4^+$	1	
	(Blue solution) gives a (pale) blue precipitate/solid	1	M2 only awarded if M1 shows Bronsted-Lowry reaction
8(c)	$[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + 4NH_3 \rightarrow [Cu(H_2O)_2(NH_3)_4]^{2+} + 4H_2O$	1	Allow formation in two equations via hydroxide
	(Blue solution) gives a <u>dark/deep blue solution</u>	1	If 8(b) and 8(c) are the wrong way around allow one mark only for each correct equation with a correct observation (max 2/4)
			M2 only awarded if M1 shows Lewis base reaction
8(d)	(Start with) green (solution)	1	
	<u>Green precipitate</u> of $Fe(H_2O)_4(OH)_2$ / $Fe(OH)_2$ / iron(II) hydroxide	1	Do not allow observation if compound incorrect or not given
	Slowly changes to <u>brown solid</u>	1	Allow red-brown ppt
			Allow turns brown or if precipitate implied
			Can only score M3 if M2 scored
	(Iron(II) hydroxide) oxidised by air (to iron(III) hydroxide)	1	Allow $Fe(OH)_2$ oxidised to $Fe(OH)_3$ by air / O_2
			Ignore equations even if incorrect

8(e)(i)	$\begin{array}{rcl} 2[AI(H_2O)_6]^{3+} &+& 3H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_2 \rightarrow 2AI(H_2O)_3(OH)_3 \\ &&& 3[H_3NCH_2CH_2NH_3]^{2+} \end{array}$ White precipitate	1 1 1	For correct AI species For correct balanced equation Allow equation with formation of $3[H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_3]^+$ from 1 mol [AI(H ₂ O) ₆] ³⁺
8(e)(ii)	$ \begin{bmatrix} Co(H_2O)_6 \end{bmatrix}^{2+} + 3H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_2 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} Co(H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_2)_3 \end{bmatrix}^{2+} + 6H_2O \end{bmatrix} $	1	
	Complex with 3 en showing 6 correct bonds from N to Co	1	Ignore charge Accept N – N for ligand Ignore incorrect H If C shown, must be 2 per ligand
	Co-ordinate bonds (arrows) shown from N to Co	1	Can only score M3 if M2 correct
	$4[Co(H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_2)_3]^{2+} + O_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow$	1	For Co(III) species
	$4[Co(H_2NCH_2CH_2NH_2)_3]^{3+} + 4OH^{-}$	1	For balanced equation (others are possible) Allow $+ O_2 + 4H^+ \rightarrow 2H_2O$ If en used can score M4 and M5 only If Cu not Co, can only score M2 and M3 Allow N ₂ C ₂ H ₈ in equations